## Do-now: Take out (or keep out) Triangle Congruence Investigation from last week.



Are the two triangles below congruent? Why or why not?


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In the figure below, $\overline{A B} \cong \overline{C B}$ and $\overline{D B}$ bisects $\angle A B C$.
Are the two triangles congruent? Why or why not?


In triangle ABC and $\mathrm{DEF}, \overline{\mathrm{AB}} \cong \overline{\mathrm{DE}}$ and $\overline{\mathrm{BC}} \cong \overline{\mathrm{EF}}$. Write one additional statement that could be used to prove that the two triangles are congruent. State the method that would be used to prove that the triangles are congruent.


Turn in Triangle Congruence Investigation if you didn't already!

Classwork (in notebook):
page 219\#s 2-7
page 250 \#s 19-27
Just name the Triangle Congruence postulate that proves they're congruent - SSS, SAS, ASA, or AAS, if possible

When done: If the three sides of a triangle measure $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{x}+8$, and $3 x-7$, find all the possible values for $x$ that will create a triangle.

Page 219
2) $A S A$ 3) $S S S$ 4) $S A S$
5) Not possible 6) AAS 7) Not possible

Page 250
19) SSS 20) Not possible 21) SAS
22) Not possible 23) AAS 24) ASA
25) AAS 26) SAS 27) ASA

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x, x+8,3 x-7 \\
& x+x+8>3 x-7 \\
& x+8+3 x-7>x \\
& 2 x+8>3 x-7 \\
& 4 x+1>x \\
& 8>x-7 \\
& \begin{array}{l}
3 x+1>0 \\
3 x>-1
\end{array} \\
& 15>x \\
& \text { x>- } \frac{1}{3} \\
& x+3 x-7>x+8 \\
& 4 x-7>x+8 \\
& 5<x<15 \\
& 3 x-7>8 \\
& 3 x>15 \\
& x>5
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\frac{2 x+10}{x+10} 7 x-50
$$

